# Issues of public relations in promoting nuclear power projects in the "new" countries

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Dr. RHEE Jae-hwan
Chairman of
Korea Nuclear Energy Promotion Agency



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# I. The Importance of Public Acceptance

### Why is Public Acceptance Important?

Positive Aspects of Nuclear Energy

Negative Images of Nuclear Energy

- Fears of large-scale accidents
- Nuclear weapons
- RW disposal problem

Enforcement of NPP construction without agreement from a majority of

• Friction with the people in introducing policiesSocial disruption

#### **Gaining Public Acceptance**

Most powerful and effective tool for implementing nuclear policy and/or project

# II. Lessons from Past Experience

# Occurrence of Anti-Nuclear Movement and how to overcome it

#### Causes of Anti-Nuclear Movement

Disregarding the citizens

Insufficient investigation during site selection

Insufficient technological inspection

Inaccurate information on nuclear energy

Insufficient discussions with related parties

Unilateral announcement on the project

Lack of organization, budget, and legal framework

Rampant NIMBYism

Consistent Government
Policy
On Nuclear Energy

Paradigm Shift

To Increase Public Acceptance:

- Build Public Trust
- Democratic and Fair Decision Making Process
- Socio-economic incentives for Local Residents
- Nuclear Communication

# III. Successful Strategies

#### **Consistent Government Policies**

Consistent Policy on Nuclear Energy

Active support for nuclear energy regardless of political alignment

Steady Political Support



Sustainable Development of Nuclear Energy

### **Building Public Trust**

#### Ensuring the "independence" of regulatory authorities

• Establishment of a subjective, independent regulatory authority

#### Encompassing the anti-nuclear NGOs

• Establishment of a decision-making body that includes both government and non-government organizations

#### Transparent disclosure of information

• Ensure transparency of information concerning policies and projects

### **Democratic & Fair Decision-making Process**

### Emphasizing the "rights" of citizens

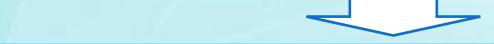
• Give priority to the opinions of the public

### Equal and fair opportunity for all stakeholders

- Ample discussion with stakeholders including local government
- Opportunity to express opinions based on accurate and subjective information

# Socio-economic incentives for local residents

- Appropriate compensation and incentive packages
- Past site selection failures
- → Necessary to include neighboring communities for compensation and incentive packages



- Negotiations between the Operating Company and neighboring communities
  - Tailor-made compensation/incentive packages

• Legislation to ensure systematic support

#### **Nuclear Communication**

Public Perception on nuclear energy and its dangers

#### Conventional Belief

Irrational
Unscientific

→ Leads to ignorance



From Ignorance to Understanding

#### Recent Findings

Regarded as a social aspect Multiple interpretations of risk

> Leads to understanding

Nuclear Communication between the general public, stakeholders and nuclear experts

#### Issues on Nuclear Energy

- No longer scientific issue, but social issue
- Should be viewed from a socio-cultural aspect
- Political, social, cultural, religious



# IV. Professional Nuclear Communications Body

# Professional Nuclear Communications Body



# Established in 1992 to improve the understanding of the public on the peaceful use of nuclear energy

Projects for improvement of Next-Generation
Understanding
Projects to improve Public Awareness

Projects to assist in the solution of Current Issues

# **Communication Target Categorization**

Knowledge	High	1 <sup>st</sup> Group (Opinion Leaders)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Group (NGOs)
	Low	4th Group (General Public)	3rd Group (Local council, local residents
		Low	High
		Level of Participation	

#### **Communication Strategy for Each Group**

1st Group: Participation Strategy

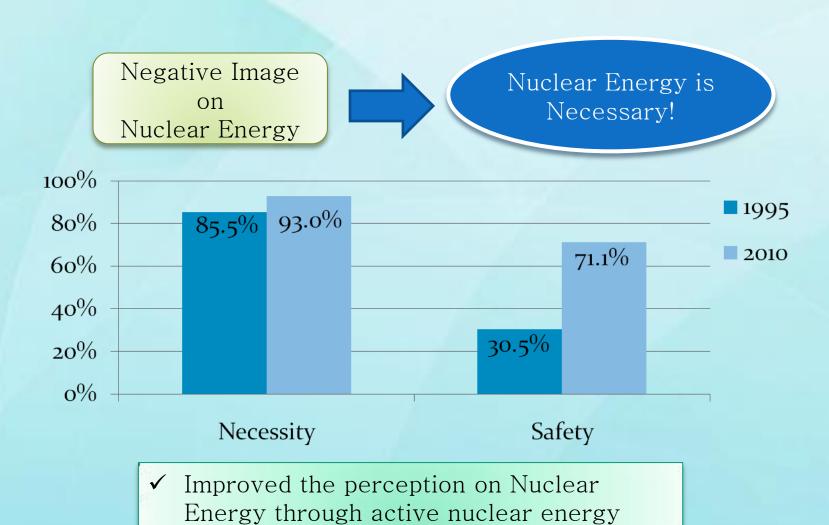
**2**<sup>nd</sup> Group: Negotiation Strategy

3<sup>rd</sup> Group: Arbitration Strategy

4th Group: Popularization Strategy

#### **Achievements of KONEPA**

communication



### **Activities Following Fukushima Accident**



Nuclear Energy Safety Conference

**Smartphone Application on Radiation Safety** 



## International Cooperation of KONEPA (1)

: Participation for Science Picnic in Poland



### International Cooperation of KONEPA (2)

# Nuclear Energy Pavilion of Korea in Malaysia



# **Technical Trip to Npp site** of Thai officials



# V. Suggestions for a Successful Nuclear Project

# Suggestions

Sustainable pan-governmental cooperation structure & project implementation dynamics

**Ensure consistent policy implementation** 

Legislations to support residents living near nuclear power plants

New public buildings, residential welfare support, education support, etc.

# Suggestions

Institute an independent, professional Nuclear Communications Body

- Exchange of information between the communication body and the public
- Maintain good relationship with the media
- Utilize online methods including blogs and websites
- Establish and operate a Nuclear Exhibition to enable easy access to information on nuclear energy
  - Tailor-made communication strategy and public opinion surveys

# Thank you